MARSHAL MACMAHON DEAD.

THE EXPRESIDENT OF FRANCE PASSED AWAY YESTERDAY MORNING.

HIS FUNERAL LIKELY TO BE CONDUCTED BY THE STATE-THE BODY TO REST IN

THE HOTEL DES INVALIDES. Paris, Oct. 17.-Field Marshal MacMahon, Duke of Magenta and ex-President of France,

died this morning. If his relatives will agree to it, the State will conduct the funeral, which will be public.



The body will be buried in the Hotel des In-

THE STORY OF HIS LIFE.

THE DESCENDANT OF IRISH KINGS THE LEADER OF FRANCE'S LEGIONS AND PRESI-

Marie Edmonde Patrice Maurice MacMahon was credibly reputed to be a direct descendant of Brian Boru, that famous Irish King who conquered the Danes at Clontarf. Away back in the seventeenth century one Terence MacMahon was a retainer of the famous house of Sarsfield. He had a son named Terence, and this son married Anne Clarke, a waiting-maid who had served the Castlemaines and had been brought to Ireland by Lord Tyrconnel. This couple went back to Leadmore to live. Of all their children only one, John, lived to grow up; and as a companion for him they adopted a nephew, John Baptist MacMahon.

Thes: two lads were sent to France to be educated as physicians. They got on uncommonly well, and after graduation were appointed to fine positions in the public military service. Lord Tyrconnel was their friend and patron, and helped them mightily.

RTH OF THE FUTURE PRESIDENT.

a Baptist MacMahon was a prime favorite among the ladles of the French court. One of them got him a place at the head of a great hospital at Autun, and introduced him to a crippled old woman there who was worth 2,000,000 francs. The doctor cared for the old woman till she died, and then found himself heir to all her fortune. Then he married a great lady, one Charlotte le Belin d'Eguilly, who was the widow of one nobleman, daughter of another and niece and heir of a third. John Baptist MacMahon married her in 1734, and they had seven children. Their third son was named Marie Edmonde Patrice Maurice MacMahon. He was born at Autun in 1808.

WINNING HONORS IN ALGERIA.

This future Field Marshal and President received his military education at St. Cyr, and at the age of nineteen was sub-lieutenant of the 4th Hussars, of which his brother was then captain. He soon saw active service. Proceeding with the 20th Regiment to Africa, he engaged in the Algerian war, and in the year 1830 had won the Cross of the Legion of Honor, which he received from General Clauzel on the field of battle. Next year he was appointed lieutenant Sth Cuirassiers, and in 1832, as aide-deedition to Beigium, and won the Cross of the Order of Leopold by his bravery at the siege This campaign over, he returned tinction. One of his most famous exploits was across country with an important message. He declined an escort, and set out alone. On his ent a volley of bullets after him, however, and killed his horse under him. But he made his way on foot in safety to his destination. At the attack on Constantine in 1836 he received a slight wound, was commended for his bravery and promoted to the grade of Officer of the Legion of Honor. Some years afterward he organized the 10th Battalion of Chasseurs d'Orleans, became in 1842 lieutenant-colonel of the Second Foreign Legion, next colonel of the 41st Infantry, and finally, in 1848, General of Brigade and Governor of Tlemeen. In 1849 he was made Commander of the Legion of Honor, and promoted to the Governorship of the Provinces of Oran and Constantine. In July, 1852, Mac-Mahon was made General of Division, and sdvanced through the successive grades in the Legion of Honor until he received the Grand Cross, September, 1855.

THE STORMING OF THE MALAKOFF. When the Crimean War came on, MacMahon, who with military loyalty had served with equal zeal the various Governments of France, now promptly obeyed the Emperor's summons to duty in Russia. He was commander of a division of Bosquet's Corps, and in the grand attack upon Schastopol on September 8, 1855, led the assault upon the Malakoff. Mac-Mahon cut his way into the fort, and stubbornly held his ground against over-whelming odds. Marshal Pelilssier, thinking he and his men would be annihilated, ordered him to retire from what he deemed an untenable position. But with superb courage MacMahon disobeyed, sending back his immortal reply, "I am here, and here I shall stay." He did stay, and the Russians presently retreated before him and Sebastopol was taken. That deed gave him the Grand Cross. THE VICTOR OF MAGENTA.

Service in Algeria followed, and he was made commander-in-chief of all the French forces in that land. But Napoleon soon recalled him for more important work in the war with Austria, in Northern Italy. His great achievement there was on the Ticino, near the bridge of Magenta. was on the Ticino, hear the brings of Magenda After a week of victorious progress, the French were unexpectedly attacked by a superior force of Austrians. They held their ground for several hours, and then began to yield. But at the critical moment MacMahon, who had been detailed for other duty, threw his plans and instructions to the wind and rushed into the battle with his troops with impetuous force, in a

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE. DO NOT MISS

THE CHANCE WE ARE NOW OFFERING

Buyers of Furniture

to secure the heat values ever offered.

Our warerooms are well filled with handsome, wellmade articles that we warrant to neither warp nor crack,

BEST MEN.

Scarfpins, \$2, \$3, \$5, \$10 and upwards; sleeve links and studs, \$5, \$7, \$9, \$10; canes, cardcases and hundreds of appropriate souvenirs for Best Men and Ushers to be found in our carefully selected stock.

J. H. Johnston & Co., 17 Union Square, N. Y.

few moments took 7,000 Austrian prisoners and put the whole army to rout. In recognition of this spiendid achievement the Emperor, on the very field of battle, made him Duke of Magenta very field of battle, mad-and Marshal of France.

IN THE FRANCO-GERMAN WAR

At the coronation of William III of Prussia, in 1861, Marshal MacMuhon was the representative of the French Emperor. Soon thereafter he succeeded Canrobert as commander of the Third Army Corps, and then went back to Algeria Army Corps, Control This was in 1864. Six years later he was a third time recalled by Napoleon to lead an army in a great war, this time in a war of defeat and disaster. He was made commander of the Army of the South, and with characteristic energy pressed forward to the German frontier. But the miserable military administration of the Empire hopelessiy handicapped him. At Woerth he met with crushing defeat, which is not, however, to be charged against either his courage or his skill. Retreating to Nancy, he collected and reorganized his army, and prepared to make a defensive stand against the conquering invaders. Napoleon, however, ordered him to the relief of Bazaine, at Metz, which errand he promptly undertook. He thus entered upon a campaign which ended at Sedan. At the beginning of that battle he was seriously wounded by a shell, and for some time was unable to take part in the war. But he recovered in season to conduct the operations at Paris against the Commune, and rendered invaluable services in establishing the Ripublic under the Presidency of Thiers.

CHOSEN TO THE PRESIDENCY.

The soldier thenceforward served Emperor and King as Governor-General. This was in 1864. Six pany, and on May 5 following had made a general years later he was a third time recalled by Nassignment, with \$50,000 liabilities and \$11,000 of

faithfully, as he had served Emperor and King before it. In May, 1873, after a period of agitation, the Monarchical party in the French Parliament forced President Thiers to resign, and immediately elected MacMahon to succeed him. The change in the Presidency was accomplished without disturbance, though when the result in the Assembly was known the streets of Versailles and Paris were filled with excited people, who shouted "Vive Thiers" and "Vive la Republique!" The Republicans urged peace and adherence to the law, and the Radical journals discussed the situation with prudence. Marshal MacMahon accepted the Presidency on the following terms: "I will obey the will of the Assembly, the depository of the National sovereignty. It is a heavy responsibility; but with God's aid and the devotion of the Army I will continue the work of liberating the territory and restoring order, and will maintain tranquillity and the principles on which society rests. To this I pledge my word as an honest man and a soldier." immediately elected MacMahon to succeed him.

HIS RESIGNATION AND CLOSING YEARS. MacMahon's administration was an honest but detestation of Radicalism. In turn he was made the object of persistent and relentless attacks by the Republican groups under the magnetic leadership of Gambetta. There was a serious Cabinet of M. Jules Simon and appointed a new one under the Duc de Broglie. In the conflict one under the Duc de Broglie. In the conflict MacMahon triumphed, but only for a time, and early in 1879 he was in turn driven to resign the Presidency, and was succeeded by Jules Grevy. After that time the veteran soldier lived in happy retirement with his family about him, apparently cherishing no animosities, and devoted, as a private citizen, to the general interests of the Fatherland he loved so well and to which he had given the best services of a long and active career. He wrote, in the closing years of his life, a voluminous autobiography, which doubtless contains many matters of great historical interest.

doubtless contains many matters of garden torical interest.

Marshal MacMahon, *in March, 1854, married Elizabeth Charlotte Sophie de la Croix de Castries, who survives him. There are also three sons and a daughter living. The ducal title descends to the eldest son, Marie Armand Patrice de MacMahon, who is in the French

which citizens can make sure of their right to vote this year. It is dangerous to delay. Register to-day!

STOCKBROKERS LOSE THEIR TEMPERS.

SENSELESS HORSE-PLAY LEADS TO A BLOW-

The decorum of the Stock Exchange was interrupted yesterday for the first time in many months. A "row" occurred which may indicate that the tempers of brokers are getting back to that tension which lasted through the summer's panic. H. P. Hatch, of William T. Hatch & Sons. was sitting by the Jersey Central post waiting for an opportunity to trade. He wore a high hat and a meditative air. Mr. Hatch's hat suddenly slid down over his nose and rolled upon the floor. Mr. head, doubtless wondering what mental character-istic it is which induces men to think that "horse-play" is funny. In a few minutes the hat slid for-ward again and touched the floor, and when Mr. Hatch had recovered it he looked around with some anger to see who was carrying a joke too far. Will-iam French, a big member of the Exchange, was standing near enough to come within the range of suspicion. head, doubtless wondering what mental character-

standing near enough to come within the range of suspicion. "Don't you do that again" cried Mr. Hatch, reckless of the difference between his light weight and the heavy avoirdupois of "Billy" French. "I didn't do it," responded the accused man. "Yes, you did," insisted Mr. Hatch, "and I don't want any more of it."

A worly dispute followed, which grew so hot that "Billy" French let out with his fist antil it encountered Mr. Hatch's eye. A number of brokers interfered before the "claret" could be spilled, and the men were separated. The affray will be taken before the Governing Committee for settlement.

A RAILOR CHASED OVERROARD.

A sailor who appeared to be dellrous from the effects of liquor was chased into the East River at Roosevelt-st. early yesterday morning by an angry woman. The woman, and a man who was giding her in the chuse, shouted that the sailor was a "Jack the Ripper," and they had flesh wounds in their arms to give color to their charge. Policeman Day helped to drag the sallor out of the water, and took him to the police station in Oak-st. There the sailor said he was Martin Matson, and boarded at No 31 Market-st. He declared that he had not cut any herson. As he was suffering from the effects of his cold bath, he was sent to the Chambers Street Hospital. His accusers said they were Margaret Daly, of No. 57 Chrystie-st, and Gustave Hansen, of No. 201 West Skry-seventh-st. They also said that they were cut on the arms by the sailor in Chrystie-st, and they had chased him all the way to the river at Roosevelt-st, a distance of half a mile. The wounds were painful but not serious, and they were kept at the police station ontil they could be taken to the Tombs Police Court as complainants.

Boston, Oct. 17.—Ex-Governor Long, appointed by the Supreme Court a special master to determine whether or not William H. King, the Newport (R. I.) millionaire, should be released from the Mc-Lean Asylum, filed his report in court to-day. He reports that it is best for King to remain in the saylum. In the course of his report ex-Governor Long says. "Mr. King has been a constant in the mate of the asylum since 1866, is nearly seventy—mate of the asylum since 1866, is nearly seventy—and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal and All and Al whether or not William H. King, the Newport (R. Lean Asylum, filed his report in court to-day. He reports that it is best for King to remain in the saylum. In the course of his report ex-Governor Long says: "Mr. King has been a constant in mate of the asylum since 1866, is nearly seventy five years old, was never married, and has no nearer kin than nephews and nieces. He is very much demented, but shows no indications of violence." The ex-Governor describes the comfortable character of Mr. King's life at the asylum, and continuing, says that he cannot recommend his removal to any other public asylum, and that he ing insane he cannot, in safety to himself or to others, go at large. A domestic arrangement is liable to result in a falling off, or, at least, a varying in the degree of care; there is more chance of indifference, carelessness, loss of interest, yielding to impatience, perhaps neglect.

The auction rale of Troop A and the First Irrigate Signal Corns. The Southern force will go to Mosholu Station and also detacaments of Troop A and the Signal Corns. The Southern force will add also detacaments of Troop A and the First Irrigate Signal Corns. The Southern force will go to Mosholu Station and form a line extending from Broadway to and form a line extending from Broadway to Van Courtlandt Station and advance from the Van Courtlandt house. After a good deal of powder is burned they will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven back to the house and the fight will be deriven

MARTHA HEUER COMES HERE AGAIN.

Martha Heuer, a concert singer of Vienna, who but much below the cost: too low for duplicates or giving credit, so are selling for cash only.

"BUY OF THE MAKER."

GEO. C. FLINT CO.,

FURNITURE MAKERS.

104, 106 and 108 West 14th St.

W. L. PATTON OUT ON BAIL.

THE CHARGES OF FRAUD AGAINST HIM.

EXECUTORS OF THE ESTATE OF ROBERT CRAIG ACCUSE HIN OF MISAPPROPRIATING SECURITIES WORTH \$60,000.

William L. Patton, of the firm of William L. Patton & Co., brokers, No 6 Wall-st, who was arrested on Monday, charged with fraudulently disposing of securities worth 60,000, belonging to the estate of Robert Craig, was released from Ludlow-Lawyers' Surety Company The order of arrest contained also the name of Henry L. Saltonstall, Patton's partner, but was indorsed by the deputy 'not found" as to Salton-tail. Patton was arrested on the order of Judge Patterson, of the Supreme Court, on complaint of William, Richard F. Henry F. and Robert Crain executors of the estate of Robert Crain. The affidavits alleged that on May 2 Patton & Co. had piedced 550 shares of Tennessee Coal and Iron, East Tennessee, Virginia

enry L. Saftonstall is well-known as a patron bicycling. The firm of William L. Pation & was formed about ten years ago. They suched Pation & Vandeventer, which firm had teners before succeeded Ludiow Patton. Ludlow ton is an uncle of William L. Patton. He is to be a millionaire. He lives at Orange, N. J., is said to have lost \$7,000 by his nephew's arc.

THE DIAMONDS HAVE DISAPPEARED.

AN ALLEGED ROBBERY OF AN EAST SIDE JUWELRY STORE, ABOUT WHICH THE POLICE HAVE DOUBTS.

early yesterday morning discovered either a mysa stormy one. He made no secret of his sym- Eighty-third-st., who took a receipt for them and pathy with the Monarchical party, and of his asked the jeweller to sell them for him. The diamonds were kept in Hartman's safe. On Monday Mrs. Davis went to Niblo's Garden with a youn woman who is engaged to marry Hartman. Half an hour after midnight Mrs. Davis called two policemen and told them that she was not able struggle in May, 1877, when the President, to get into her rooms in the rear of the jeweiry against the will of the Chamber, dismissed the store, and that she could hear her brother groan store, and that she could hear her brother groaning in one of the rooms. The policemen forced the door open. Hartman lay in a bed in the middle room. His hands and feet were tied, and a red cotton handkerchief had been thrust into his mouth and held in place by a bandare. When he was at liberty to talk he said that two strange men had attacked and bound him. He had been working in the store about 10 p. m., he said, when he heard a noise in the rear room and went there to make an investigation, leaving the door of the safe open. He was immediately attacked by the men, one of whom hit him on the head with something. Then he was placed on the bed and tied far. Afterward he heard the men at work in the store. They left the place by the side door, which had a spring lock.

lock.

In the store everything was confusion. Hartman said that the diamonds belonging to Mr. Lang, and some money and watches, had been stolen. Police Captain Pickett, who was called to the store, sent for an ambulance surgeon. The said there was no evidence that Hartman had been assaulted. Hartman was searche, and a diamond ring, a gold watch and chain and \$23 in cash were found on him.

him.

Hartman, who is a slender young man, repeated his story of the alleged robbery several times yesterday. To Mr. Lang, Hartman made a denial of a report that he had tried to make an assignment of his property on Monday. The police believe that no unfriendly hand tied liartman, and that he could tell what had become of Mr. Lang's diamonds if he would.

a fugitive to a foreign government with which it has no treaty; that is, it may have the power but would not use it. Costa Rica cannot, therefore, get any return for giving up the prisoner, unless a treaty is negotiated. Should the United States and Costa Rica enter into a treaty, the provisions of it would of course into a treaty, the provisions of it would of course into a cover political offences. The United States has

CHOCOLATES IN A FINE NEW HOME.

Henry Matilard will open his new store at Twen-Hotel, to-day. Sober thits are conspicuous in the coloring of the interior decorations, and these are gold, with which the outer or main store is blocks, with designs in contrasting colors etched out upon a white ground. The walls are finished in crimson and dead gold. The rear part of the store is to be devoted to the use of ladies as a luncheon parlor. The entrance to it is beneath a curved mahogany arch, from which fails in graceful folds a wealth of drapery. Only, deep brown in color, has been plentifully used to contrast the brightness of the bevelled glass mirrors which surround the room. Upon the celling is a painting executed by V. Toletti, entitled "The Glorification of Art." The large window overlooking Twenty-fourth-st, will be utilized for artistic purposes. Cardinal Richelieu's love for a cup of chocolate has furnished the subject for a design in stained glass which is now being made in Europe. The furniture is of carvei malogany streaked with gold and uphoistered in brown leather. The tables will be of marble on only pedestals. On the basement floor the most recently invented appliances for cooking, ice-cream making and the manufacture of delicactes will be used. blocks, with designs in contrasting colors etched

The question of cane-rushing at Columbia College is still a burning one in the School of Mines. For the first time in two years, the freshmen challenged for an organized rush at the athletic field, The sophomores have held repeated meetings and been rent by two factions. Yesterday afternoon this letter was sent to the freshmen: To the President of the class of '9i. In view of the fact that '96 took initial steps to abolish rushing between the sophomore and freshmen classes by refusing to concede the request of the president that we lend our aid in terminating the career of this senseless custom, we return your challenge. H. K. Bard, chalrman, E. J. Riederer, L. Elekwort, W. L. McConway, R. P. Carter, G. C. Goldsmith. The feeling in the college at large is divided. President Low took an active part in the discussion of the question in the Department of Arts last week, and to-day he will have a talk with the freelimen.

Not a little disappointment is felt by many Nainability to go to Chicago on Manhattan Day, Brigadier-General Louis Fitzgerald has ordered a parade and review in Van Courtlandt Park on Saturday, and so it will be impossible for them to

The auction rale of securities held by the Madison Square Bank, which was to take place yesterday Square Bank, which was to take place yesterday, was postponed at the request of the owners of the accurities. The owners of the securities hope to pay off the loan or make arrangements that will be ratisfactory to the receivers. Weekly sales of securities will be held hereafter against loans that fall due and are not paid at maturity. Application will be made in a few days to the Court to make permanent the appointment of James G. Cannon, Jr., and Miles M. O'Brien as receivers.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF LAMPS.

The latest and best is named The "Miller." It to be made in a few days to the Court to make permanent the appointment of James G. Cannon, ir., and Miles M. O'Brien as receivers.

CHICAGO AND RETURN, VIA ERIE, \$15.00.

Account of "Manhattan Day," special trains will leave Chambers-st. 10:15 s. m., to-morrow, Oct. 19.

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DR. PARKHURST AT WORK

HE SAYS A MEMBER OF THE GRAND JURY VIOLATES THE EXCISE LAW.

MAYOR GILROY WILL INVESTIGATE THE COM-PLAINT, BUT, MEANWHILE, HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

Dr. Parkhurst does not propose to allow the ng time between his broadsides. He sent the fol-New-York, and Chairman of the Board for Selecting

We, the undersigned, call your attention to the unfitless of a member of the Grand Jury recently selected by

wer Board and now serving.
We refer to Hugh Slevin, who is stated on the official list filed in the County Clerk's office to reside at 60 Sev-enth-ave., and to be in the liquer business at 211 the correr of Waverly Place and Sixth-ave.

Mr. Slevin's name is displayed at each of the above places, and appears on the packages in which the liquors

times of the day, and we have samples which were pirchased at said saloons on that day. We attach hereto the adidavits of some of the persons who visited said saloons on that day.

We are also prepared to prove that on last Sunday October 15, each and all of the four saloons above named were open and were doing a large business. Observations were taken at different times of the day, and we have samples of figuor which were purchased at each of the said saloons on that day. We attach hereto the affidavits of sollie of the persons who visited said saloons

We respectfully submit that a man who maintains a

is not a fit person to be a Grand Jurur. C. H. PARKHURST,

With the letter the doctor sent a number of affi-

daylis to prove that the excise laws were habitually violated at all of Slevin's saloons.

Mayor Gilroy read the letter and examined the affidaylis, but he declined to express any opinion regarding the charges. "I shall order an investigation," he said, "and after I receive a report of it I may have something to say, but certainly not before." hefore."

In the General Sessions Building it was said that even if the charges against Slevin were true as could not be removed from the Grand Jury until september next, unless his indictment was asked or. If charges against him were laid before the Grand Jury, he could be taken from it as a prejuliced person.

diced person.

Police Superintendent Byrnes yesterday refused to make any comment upon the letter, when a copy of it was shown to him, except to say that he had nothing to do with the selection of members of the Grand Jury, and that the reference to him was an evidence of animus on the part of the writer.

The registration in this city on last Tuesday was The registration in this city on first Tuesday was so light in districts where Republicans live that it was evident that only a small fraction of the Republican vote had been made secure for the election. Remind all of your Republican friends that it is their duty to register. Ask them to register to-day!

THE EXTRADITION OF WEEKS.

SECRETARY GRESHAM'S WILLINGNESS TO NE

GOTIATE A TREATY WITH COSTA RICA. will surrender Francis H. Weeks, will, it is hoped American republic to consent to the extradition of tradition on political grounds. The counsel belong to the party opposed to President Rodriguez, and are declaring that it would be an assumption of tyrannical power to extradite Weeks.

The United States has not the power to surrender

a fugitive to a foreign government with which it

Should the United States and Costa Rica enter into a treaty, the provisions of it would of course not cover political offences. The United States has treaties with several South and Cental American countries, one with the United States of Colombia having been signed within two years. Most of these cover crimes like that of Weeks, although Ecuador will deliver up only such embezziers as have stolen public funds. Assistant District-Attorney John D. Lindsay still believes that Weeks will be brought here for trial before long. Mr Lindsay is a high authority on all extradition questions, having made a special study of the subject.

WELCOMED BY THE MAYOR.

THE MEDAL OF HONOR LEGION VISITS THE CITY HALL-A DINNER IN THE EVENING.

Veterans of the war who are members of the Medal of Honor Legion called on Mayor Gliroy yes visit a meeting was held at the Holland House, where the veterans had been holding their fourth annual conclave this week, at which Senior Vice-Commander Robert L. Orr presided in the temporary absence of General James R. O'Beirne. motion to change the name of the association from was not received with favor. Under the rules the

in the Governor's Room of the City Hall. After each member had been presented to His Honor by President O'Beirne, the Mayor said:

"Gentlemen of the Medal of Honor Legion, I must avail myself of this opportunity to express to you my sincere pleasure in bidding you welcome to New-York. As the chief magistrate of this city 1 assure you that New-York is honored by the visit of such a body of brave men. It is both an honor and a pleasure to have for our guests men who the freedom and stability of our Government and the perpetuation of our Union. The medals you went are far more valuable than any insignia of royalty. They will be treasured by your children as long as the flag you fought to save is loved and honored. Gentlemen, I hid you welcome to the

General O'Beirne said in reply that he and his companions were honored in being welcomed to the greatest city of the country by its Mayor.

'I assure you, gentlemen," responded the Mayor, what the city is honored by the visit of such a body of brave men."

TO TEST A NEW PLAN FOR COALING SHIPS By order of the Navy Department, a new plan

The eight thing to do first is to register, and you can register to-day. Then you can vote on e ection day.

Chicago, Oct. 17.-Alfred Jorgens, of Cloverdale. Ill., was asphyxiated by escaping gas last night, and Henry Hopper, of Philadelphia, was so nearly and Henry Hopper, of Philadelphia, was so nearly smothered that his recovery is doubtful. Both men were guests of T. G. Zuendell, of No. 6,038 Aberdeen-st. On going to bed last night Jorgens, it is believed, blew out the light, leaving the gas jet open during the night. This morning Jorgens was found dead, and Hopper, who occupied an adjoining room, was unconscious.

WE MAKE THE BEST LAMPS AND

Twixt you and me and the Rolling Pin, The day of lard has gone by; We all know its faults, and are glad COTTOLENE Has come in its place to stay.

The Rolling Pin has found a new friend in COTTOLENE, the new Vegetable Shortening; and with its co-operation Pies, Patties, Tarts, Cookies, Turn-overs, Crullers, Dumplings, Doughnuts, Cake, etc., can be easier and better made.

is also a perfect frying fat as well as shortening; it is not only far more wholesome and digestible than lard, but it positively improves all food into which it enters. Will you try COTTOLENE?

It is sold in 3 and 5 lb. pails by all grocers. Beware of imitations. Genuine made only by

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Chicago. New York Office, Produce Exchange.

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS.

REARGUMENT ORDERED IN THE CASE OF STOKES AGAINST MACKAY.

MANY OTHER DECISIONS HANDED DOWN-CAUSES

Albany, Oct. 17.-The Court of Appeals to-day ordered a reargument in the case of Edward S. Stokes agt. John W. Mackay and another, appel lants. This was an appeal from the judgment of the General Term. Ist Department, affirming a judgment for \$90,166 in favor of the plaintiff. The action was brought to recover a sum of mone; the plaintiff alleged that the defendants agreed to pay to him upon the transfer of the stock of the United Lines Telegraph Company, which Stokes had formed out of the defunct Bank-Stokes had purchased at a judicial sale, as a sort of an agent for Mackay. The latter at the time was the principal proprietor of the for Stokes to acquire the plant of the Bankers and Merchants' Company, which at that time had passed into the hands of a receiver, and then turn it over to Mackay, who was to consolidate it with the Postal Telegraph Company. In addition, the following decisions were handed

The People agt. Denton Fowler and another, appellants; same agt. Georgiana Bishop, appellant; same agt. John Delfino, appellant, Judgment affirmed. same agt. John Deinio, appendix Josephan. Simmed.
Andrew J. Applebee and another agt. William Duke, appellant, and others, respondents; John T. Harnard agt. John F. Gantz and others, appellants; Helena Haas agt. J. Palin and others, appellants, Jacob Rothschild, appellant, agt. Alfred Zucker; Anna Walsh agt. A. J. Walsh, appellant. Appeal dismissed, with costs.
Henry G. Newhall, respondent, agt. C. A. Wyatt; in re-claim of J. R. Clark, appellant, agt. C. A. Wyatt & Co. Order of General Term reversed, and report of referee and its confirmation by Special Term set aside, and the account restated, with costs of this appeal in this court and in the General Term.

costs of this appeal in this court and in the General Term.

Clare A. Benedict agt. M. T. Richardson, appellant. Order affirmed, with costs.

People ex rel. Standard Gaslight Company agt. Thomas F. Gilroy. Commissioner of Public Works, appellant. Affirmed on opinion below, read in connection with Section 36 of Chapter 537, Laws of 1832, without considering the point as to rights of the Legislature to repeal rights granted by Chapter 248, Laws of 1836; with costs.

George F. Perkins and others, appellants, agt. Collis P. Huntington. Judgment affirmed, with costs, on opinion of General Term.

Samuel W. Marks and another agt. La Societe Anonymede FUnion Des Papeteries, appellant, Order affirmed on opinion of General Term, with costs.

Order affirmed on opinion of General Term, with costs.

A. E. Ogley agt. William E. Miles and another, appellants. Benjamin Cromer, appellant, agt. S. T. Cowdrey, Judgment reversed, new trial granted, costs to abide the event.

The Central National Bank, appellant, agt. L. D. White and others. Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Moses May agt. Henry Traphagen, appellant. Judgment reversed, and judgment ordered dismissing complaint, with costs to defendant in all courts.

Margaret J. Doyle, appellant, agt. the rennsylvania and New-York Canal and Ralfroad Company. Orders of Special and General Terms reversed and judgment on verdict ordered for plaintiff, with costs.

Jodgment on verdict ordered for plaintin, with
John F. Zebley, appellant, agt. the Farmers' Loan
and Trust Company. Judgment reversed and demurrer overruled with costs to plaintiff in all
courts and with leave to defendant to answer within twenty days after service of copy of the order
upon payment of costs.
These causes were argued:
The People ex rel. Louis J. Lorillard agt. E. P.
Burker et al. appellants.
Mary Reid agt. the Mayor, etc., of New-York, appellants. Levi P. Morton agt. the same, appellants, Mary C. Warren agt. William C. Bunning, ap-

pellant.

J. Barth agt. E. P. Backus, sheriff, appellant.
F. Huerzeler agt. the Central Crosstown Railroad Company, appellant.
The day calendar for to-morrow is Nos. 97, 100,
67, 51, 81, 102, 105, 106.

THE DISCRIMINATION UNJUST.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION RELATING TO INTER-STATE COMMERCE.

An order of the Interstate Commerce Commis ported goods as against those of domestic manufacture, was held to be proper and just by the United States Circuit Court of Appeals yesterday. In March, 1889, the commission issued an order that railroad freight rates should be the sam for goods in transit from abroad as for those made in the United States. Some railroad companies charged much lower rates for imported articles shipped to the Pacific Slope than for domestic goods, to meet the competition of steamship lines connecting with the railroad across the Isthmus of Panama and of sailing vessels going around

Complaints of the violation of this order were made against a number of railroads, among them the Texas Pacific and the Southern Pacific. For instance, the through rates from Liverpool to San Francisco on books, carpets, shoes, being shipped to New-Orleans by boat. Of this sum, so cents went to the railroads. The ordinary rail rates from New-Orleans to San Francisco were \$2.88 a hundred pounds for books and carpets, and \$3.70 for shoes and woollen goods.

Judge Shiptaan wrote the opinion. He decided

that the discrimination was not justified by the circumstances in the present case, but would not decide the broad question whether the rule against discrimination "must be universally applied without regard to any circumstances which may exist in a foreign country, and whether dissimilarities which have a foreign origin are to be excluded from consideration under the operation of the statute."

CANNOT RECOVER FROM DUN & CO. A decision of the United States Circuit Court of & Co. a substantial victory. The City National Bank of Birmingham subscribed to the privileges of the mercantile agency, and then asked about the financial standing of a merchant of Oswego, N. V., named Kitts. In consequence of the favora-ble report received, the bank discounted Kitts's note for \$5,000. The money was not paid, and the bank sued Dun & Co. to recover 1.

The decision of the Circuit Court was against Dun & Co., but the appellate court reversed this judgment.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY. Supreme Court-General Term-Receas continued. Supreme Court-Charmet re-Lettre (a & Franc.) --Motion calculate at 10 celoca. Supreme Court-Special Term-Part 1-Before Andrews, Supreme Court-Special Term-Part 1-Before Andrews, J-Nos. 581 59, 221 233 122, 123, 404, 740, 27 71, 85, 85, 324, 88, 343, 285, 284, 198, 199, 349, 339,

71, 85, 85, 324, 88, 345, 285, 285, 195, 194, 349, 339, 428, 331, 428, 341, 8 surrence Court-Special Term-Part 11 - Before Truax, 4 - Nos. 825, 412, 267, 323, 94, 227, 272, 240, 250, 196, 275, 270, 230, 124, 125, 125, 127, 128, 129, 31, 132, 1284, 38, 196, 275, 1284, 12

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Schleet, Esther Franc, R. E. Y. Salazar, Jacob Geibig, NO a. m. Common Pleas-General Term-Adjourned until O tober Common Pleas-Special Term-Refore Bischoff, J.—
Motions.
Common Pleas-Equity Term-Refore Bischoff, J.—Case on-Gibert vs. Gibert. No calendar.
Common Pleas-Trial Term-Part I - Refore Dely, C. J.—Nos. 1836, 1209-933-834, 1102, 1300, 1952-1865, 1441, 1426, 585, 1821, 1965, 1407, 1837, 1408, 1452-721, 723, 2196, 1922-1400, 1461, 1462, 1463, 1464, 1465, 1466 Common Pleas-Special Term-Before Giogerich, J .-

J.—Nos. 1159, 1394, 244, 1066, 974, 1070, 1198, 293, 1283, 1286, 1059.

Starting Court—Trial Term—Part 111—Before McAdam, J.—No. 830.

City Court—Special Term—Motions.

City Court—Trial Term—Part I —Before Pheliob C. J.—Nos. 504, 1076, 807, 808, 809, 310, 030, 633, 623, 715, 840, 58, 1718, 508, 632, 634, 669, 671, 672, 680, 881, 689, 699, 691, 693, City Court—Trial Term—Part II—Before Nowberrer, J.—Nos. 407, 315, 858, 857, 881, 809, 895, 461, 579, 573, 915, 888, 574, 401, 622, 608, 645, 412, 293, 292, 693, 193, 237, 213, 241, 737, 818, 478, 592, 589, 500, 403, 723, 736, 737, 741, 757, 971,

City Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Figs-from J.—Nos. 155, 928, 737, 741, 757, 971,

City Court—Trial Term—Part III—Before Figs-from J.—Sort causes: Nas. 1855, 1874, 1804, 1948, 1542, 1633, Court of General Section—Part Hefore Marker, 4, and Assistant District Attorney Weeks—Nos. 1 to 3, inclusive,

Court of General Sections—Part III—Before Cowing, J., and Assistant District Attorney O'llare—Nos. 1 to 13, inclusive,